Summer Term Maths Year 10

Use Pythagoras' Theorem to find the length of a line segment

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Calculate each of the following

a) $(5-1)^2$ b) $(1-5)^2$ c) $(1-(-5))^2$ d) $((-5)-1)^2$

Calculate each of the following to 2 decimal places

- (a) $\sqrt{4^2 + 1^2}$ 4.12
- **(b)** $\sqrt{4^2 + (-1)^2}$ **4.12**
- (c) $\sqrt{(4-2)^2 + (1-(-2))^2}$ 3.6

Find the coordinates of the points described.

- a) 4 left and 3 up from (3, 7) (-1, 10)
- b) 4 left and 3 up from (-3, 7) (-7, 10)



- a) Find the lengths OA and OC 2 cm, 3 cm
- b) Use Pythagoras' theorem to find the exact length of AC 3.61 cm
- c) Find the length of AB to 3 significant figures 2.24 cm
- d) Find the perimeter of the 10.4 cm quadrilateral OABC to 3 significant figures.



White

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5

I5.8 cm

- a) Find the distance from the origin to the point B to 3 significant figures.
- b) Find the perimeter of the triangle AOC, where O is the origin. 34.2 cm
- c) Find the distance between the point
 - (-2, 0) and the point A. q.22 cm

Find the distance between each pair of points.

- a) (0, 0) and (4, 9) 9.85 cm
- b) (2, 0) and (4, 9) 9.22 cm
- c) (-2, 0) and (4, q) 10.82 cm
- d) (-2, -2) and (4, q) 12.52 cm
- The points A and B both on the line y = 3x - 8 A has x-coordinate 3 and B has x-coordinate - 4

Find the distance between A and B.

22.14 cm



